SECTION XXVI.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

§ 1. Introduction.

1. Early History and Systems of Local Government.—A description of the systems of Local Government and their development in the several States of the Commonwealth was published in 1919 by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics in a separate work entitled "Local Government in Australia." The early history of Local Government in Australia was also dealt with. In addition, descriptions were given of the various systems of water supply and sewerage, fire brigades, harbour trusts and marine boards, together with the bodies controlling the same.

Limits of space preclude the incorporation of information regarding the constitution etc., of municipal and other bodies contained in the publication referred to except in cases where fresh developments have taken place.

§ 2. Local Government Systems.

1. New South Walcs.—(i) Present System of Local Government. The law relating to local government in New South Wales is now contained in Act No. 41 of 1919; this Act, however, does not affect the special Acts applying to the City of Sydney. Practically the whole of the State, with the exception of the Western Division, has been brought under the operation of this Act, the total area incorporated at the end of 1919 being 183,530 square miles, of which 180,708 square miles are comprised within shires and 2,822 within municipalities. The areas incorporated comprise the whole of the eastern and central divisions of the State, with the exception of Lord Howe Island, the islands in Port Jackson, and the quarantine station at Port Jackson.

The Act No. 41 of 1919, which consolidated all previous Acts, came into operation on the 1st January, 1920; it provides for the continuation of existing shires and municipalities, for the creation of new ones, and for their reconstitution by uniting, dividing, altering, or converting areas.

- (ii) Municipalities. Including the City of Sydney there were 183 municipalities in New South Wales at the end of 1919; of these, forty were in the suburbs of Sydney and eleven in the district of Newcastle and suburbs.
- (a) Capital Value, Area, Population, and Rates Levied. The following table shews the improved capital value, the area, population, number of buildings, and amount of rates levied in municipalities for the years 1901 and 1915 to 1919:—

NEW, SOUTH WALES.—MUNICIPALITIES, IMPROVED CAPITAL VALUE, AREA, POPULATION, NUMBER OF BUILDINGS, AND TOTAL RATES LEVIED, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1919.

£ 6		Sydney and Suburbs,					Country.				
Year ended 31st Dec. (a)	Improved Capital Value.	Area.	Popu- lation.	Number of Dwel- lings.	Total Rates Levied.	Improved Capital Value.	Area.	Popu- lation.	Number of Dwel- lings.	Total Rates Levied.	
1901 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	£ 88,116,600 169,778,544 176,659,505 183,469,822 188,674,508 194,495,477	95,259 95,259 95,259 95,259	748,940 750,260 762,480 777,140	(c) (c) (c) (c)	£ 277,457 1,076,885 1,153,987 1,124,590 1,165,839 1,306,394	59,422,910 62,055,080	1,742,275 1,742,275 1,710,675	456,000 446,800 453,800 463,500	No. 73,862 (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	£ 127,564 464,511 485,104 516,816 542,700 586,256	

⁽a) Prior to 1908 the municipal year ended on the first Monday in February, since when the municipal year closes on 31st December. (b) Census, March, 1901. (c) Not available.

The following table gives a comparison of the unimproved and improved values for the years 1915 to 1919 inclusive:—

NEW SOUTH WALES.—MUNICIPALITIES, UNIMPROVED AND IMPROVED CAPITAL VALUES, 1915 TO 1919.

	Year.		Sydney.	Suburbs.	Metropolis.	Country.	Total.
			U	NIMPROVED V	ALUE.	·	·
	-		£	£	£	£	£
1915			27,226,283	33,403,223	60,629,506	22,843,195	83,472,701
1916			31,168,904	34,719,417	65,888,321	23,378,626	89,266,947
1917			31,130,368	36,808,755	67,939,123	24,350,474	92,289,597
1918			31,880,295	38,176,261	70,056,556	24,629,668	94,686,224
1919	• •	• •	31,831,054	39,672,190	71,503,244	25,289,371	96,792,615
]	MPROVED VA	LUE.		······································
1915	• •		78,580,300	91,198,244	169,778,544	57,949,558	227,728,10
1916			80,264,720	96,394,785	176,659,505	59,422,910	236,082,41
1917			81,976,260	101,493,562	183,469,822	62,055,080	245,524,90
1918			82,027,200	106,647,308	188,674,508	63,368,253	252,042,76
1919			82,808,760	111,686,717	194,495,477	66,059,272	260,554,74

(b) Revenue. The following table gives particulars of the revenue of municipalities for the year ending 31st December, 1919:—

NEW SOUTH WALES .- MUNICIPALITIES, REVENUE, 1919.

Particulars.	Sydney.	Suburbs.	Country.	Total.
General fund	£ 1,483,810 (a)	$\begin{cases} \$65,760 \\ \\ 71,807 \\ 74,301 \\ 156 \end{cases}$	£ 618,550 210,028 361,092 74,576 6,759	£ 1,484,310 (b) 210,028 (b) 432,899 (b) 148,877 (b) 6,915 (b)
Gross revenue	1,483,810 (a)	1,012,024	1,271,005	3,766,839

⁽a) Items of revenue and expenditure for the City of Sydney cannot be allocated to the different headings shewn for municipalities. (b) Exclusive of Sydney.

(c) Expenditure. The following table gives particulars of expenditure of municipalities for the year ending 31st December, 1919:—

NEW SOUTH WALES.—MUNICIPALITIES, EXPENDITURE, 1919.

Particulars.	l I	Sydney.	Suburbs.	Country.	Total.
Trading accounts Special and local funds		£ 1,454,277 (a)	£ 881,696 63,069 40,960 2,160	£ 627,660 175,672 355,727 66,786 2,708	£ 1,509,356 (b) 175,672 (b) 418,796 (b) 107,746 (b) 4,868 (b)
Gross expenditure	!	1,454,277 (a)	987,885	1,228,553	3,670,715

⁽a) See note (a) to preceding table.

⁽b) See note (b) to preceding table.

(d) Assets and Liabilities. The financial position of the municipalities as at the 31st December, 1919, is shewn by the following statement of assets and liabilities of the various funds:—

NEW SOUTH WALES.-MUNICIPALITIES, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 1919.

Particulars.	Sydney.	Suburbs,	Country.	Total.
Asseis—	£	£	£	£
General fund	1)	∫ 454,640	561,387	1,016,027 (b)
Trading accounts			251,379	251,379 (b)
Special and local funds	11,578,854 (a)		1,904,682	1,959,252 (b)
Loan funds	11 _ 1	165,348	652,805	818,153 (b)
Reserves and renewals account	J	(1,138	28,660	29,798 (b)
Total	11,578,854 (a)	675,696	3,398,913	15,653,463
Liabilities—				
General fund	l)	266,534	133,952	400,486 (b)
Trading accounts]]		107,192	107,192 (b)
Special and local funds	>11,122,589 (a)	₹ 12,831	1,704,699	1,717,530 (b)
Loan funds	1)	790,979	639,185	1,430,164 (b)
Reserves and renewals account	ا	1,138	28,613	29,751 (b)
Total	11,122,589 (a)	1,071,482	2,613,641	14,807,712

⁽a) See note (a) to last table on preceding page. (b) See note (b) to last table on preceding page.

(iii) Shires. The total area of the 136 shires constituted under the new system is 180,708 square miles, and the population on the 31st December, 1919, was 692,230.

The shires vary in area from 36 square miles in the case of Ku-ring-gai, immediately north of the metropolis, to 5,730 square miles in the case of Lachlan in the Condobolin district.

(a) Valuation and Rates Levied. The unimproved capital value of the shires in 1919 was £110,881,306, but it is not possible to give the improved capital value or the assessed annual value, as the shires are not compelled to make these valuations. The total amount of all rates levied in 1919 was £763,356.

(b) Revenue. The principal heads of revenue for the last five years are shewn in the following table:—

NEW SOUTH WALES.-INCOME OF SHIRES, 1915 TO 1919.

Particulars.(a)	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
General Fund—	£	£	£	£	£
General rates (including	010.010	à00.070	050 450	E10.000	E40.000
interest)	612,612	633,973	672,473	710,983	
Government endowment	163,211	143,259	151,446	162,188	153,234
Public works	192,319	205,277	167,696	157,737	230,673
Health administration	4,620	4,087	3,987	3,865	13,731
Public services	9,711	11,162	10,682	11,487	12,481
Shire property	12,512	12,449	14,343	14,258	15,539
Miscellaneous	5,843	7,507	7.303	7.427	7.192
Special, Local, and Loan Funds	65,293	75,309	84,374	93,101	114,885
Total revenue	1,066,121	1.093.023	1,112,304	1,161,046	1,289,761

⁽a) The receipts for Public Works, Health Administration, Public Service, etc., include Government grants during 1919 amounting to £218,687.

(c) Expenditure. The following statement shews the expenditure of shires during the years 1915 to 1919 inclusive:—

NEW SOUTH	H WALES	-EXPENDITURE	OF SHIRES.	. 1915 TO	1919.
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Particulars.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
General Fund—	£	£	£	£	£
Administrative expenses	87,527	100,224	100,649	99,391	115,657
Public works	813,400	843,803	901,730	916,351	1,013,337
Health administration	8,049	8,513	9.149		26,237
Public services	17,935	15,229	18,256		
Shire property	14,644	14,969	16,211	16,884	17,037
Miscellaneous	10,290	17.510	15,912		
Special, Local, and Loan Funds	67,025	78,649	78,819	86,905	98,403
Total expenditure	1,018,870	1,078,897	1,140,726	1,163,719	1,307,998

(d) Assets and Liabilities. The financial position of the shires at the end of the year 1919 shewed that there was an excess of assets of £375,686. The following table gives particulars of assets and liabilities as at the 31st December, 1919:—

NEW SOUTH WALES.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF SHIRES, 1919.

Assets.		Liabilities.				
	£		£			
General fund	505,272	General fund	159,616			
Trading accounts	10,999	Trading accounts	8,495			
Sanitary and garbage accounts	35,104	Sanitary and garbage accounts	9,917			
Street lighting account	7,564	Street lighting account	359			
Roads, bridges, and streets	•	Roads, bridges, and streets				
account	6,189	account	1,479			
Drainage account	56	Drainage account	171			
Fire brigade account	734	Fire brigade account	13			
Water supply account	8,637	Water supply account	6,809			
Parks account	434	Parks account	1,115			
Miscellaneous	1,535	Miscellaneous	563			
Reserves and renewals account	7,360	Reserves and renewals account	7,360			
Loan funds	18,571	Loan funds	30,872			
		Total	226,769			
		Excess of assets	375,686			
Total	602,455	Total	602,455			

2. Victoria.—(i) Present System of Local Government. Local government is now administered under the Act of 1915 throughout the whole of the State (with the exception of French Island) which is divided into cities, towns, boroughs, and shires. Melbourne and Geelong, having been incorporated under special statutes prior to the establishment of a general system of local government, are not subject to the provisions of the Local Government Act except in a few comparatively unimportant details.

In addition to the endowment of £50,000, the municipalities received from the Government during the financial year 1919-20 a sum of £69,532 out of the Licensing Fund as the equivalent for (a) fees for licenses, (b) fees for the registration of brewers and spirit merchants, and (c) fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred under the Licensing Act 1915.

(ii) Boroughs and Shires.—Number, Population, and Value of Ratable Property. The following table shews the number of cities, towns, boroughs, and shires, their estimated population, the number of ratepayers and dwellings, and the value of ratable property for the years 1901 and 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

VICTORIA.—PARTICULARS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

	r ending		Number of Municipa-	Estimated	Number of Ratepayers	Estimated Number of	Estimated Value of Ratable Property.		
September.		•	lities.	T Opulation.	(both sexes).	Dwellings.	Total.	Annual.	
			Cities	, Towns,	and Borou	онз.			
							£	£	
1901			· 58	627,237	153,783	130,358	67,302,423	4,765,632	
1916			52	824,170	208,759	186,740	149,235,137	8,335,553	
1917			51	829,368	213,520	188,528	154,105,571	8,587,302	
1918			52	844,970	219,076	193,398	158,777,843	8,912,303	
1919			52	859,470	224,757	197,689	164,306,704	9,227,807	
1920	••	••	52	877,880	228,518	200,206	172,838,636	9,687,320	
				Shir	ES.				
							£	£	
1901			150	571,683	159,128	122,645	106,839,331	5,771,865	
1916			141	617,587	184,374	141,893	169,724,979	8,606,509	
1917			139	618,896	187,894	142,511	172,309,539	8,732,116	
1918			139	613,380	186,551	141,313	172,558,872	8,735,794	
1919			138	622,260	188,032	141,951	176,297,529	8,922,859	
1920			138	628,420	188,892	142,570	184,599,186	9,340,172	

(iii) Municipal Assets and Liabilities. The assets of municipalities may be classified under three heads—(a) the municipal fund, (b) the loan fund, and (c) property; the liabilities under two heads—(a) the municipal fund, and (b) the loan fund. The following table shews the amount of municipal assets and liabilities for the years 1901 and 1915 to 1919:—

VICTORIA.—MUNICIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1919.

Items.	1901.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
	'		. •	·	<u> </u>	'
		Assets.		-		
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Other conto	187,205 122,581	147,886 760,685	146,491 392,876	138,617 442,388	132,217 427,046	133,585 550,283
Amount at credit Arrears due	675,310 1,391 394,136	839,951 1,326 378,278	792,445 834 209,363	745,784 1,732 286,206	596,550 5,054 238,906	1,093
Buildings, markets, etc. Waterworks	2,507,441 197,675 63,732	3,863,556 175,267 99,107	3,750,947 177,050 105,124	3,848,320 252,069 109,215	3,871,232 268,815 110,819	271,581
Total	4,149,471	6,266,056	5,575,130	5,824,331	5,650,639	5,679,008

VICTORIA.—MUNICIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1919
—continued.

Items.	1901.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.				
	L	IABILITIES								
	£	£	£	£	£	£				
MUNICIPAL FUND— Arrears due sinking funds	1.021	1,326	834	1,732	5,054	1.09				
03 Introde	9,413	13,776	14.456	24,425	6,920	6.61				
Bank overdrafts	157,046	213,330	252,130	233,160	317,410	484,78				
Other liabilities	112,297	410,576	221,183	233,189	269,947	280,47				
OAN FUNDS-	i . *									
	4,253,304	5,739,084	5,869,260	6,030,343	5,764,050	5,041,42				
	52,826	237,765	15,888	42,428	47,145	129,19				
Due on current contracts	51,134	71,729	73,005	98,538	78,115	64,03				
Total	4,637,041	6,687,586	6,446,756	6,663,815	6,488,641	6,007,62				

(iv) Revenue and Expenditure of Municipalities. The following table shews the revenue from various sources, and the expenditure under various heads, exclusive of loan revenue and expenditure, of municipalities during the years 1901 and 1915 to 1919:—

VICTORIA.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1919.

Items.	1901.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
	1	Revenue.				
	£	£	£	£	£	£
(Rates	722,346	1,277,063	1.346,439	1,395,723	1,462,640	1,560,968
Licenses	104,499	104,634	105,772	108,651	109,916	136,517
Taxation Dog fees	14'00"	20,158	20,528	20,883	21,481	21,074
Market and weigh-		-0,200		-1,500		,
bridge dues		63,646	63,812	67,726	71,737	85,240
Government endowments and	10,000	10,010	,	1	1,	
grants	175,972	140,545	74,372	68,364	62,460	96,429
Contributions for streets, etc	24,999	52,472	52,045	54,620	63,910	93,900
Sanitary charges	48,253	85,971	91,125	96,484	101,791	101,996
Rents	54,117	72,133	59,006	62,953	65,821	69,845
Other sevenses	89,210	388,850	441,128	487,962	566,788	714,156
Other sources			111,120	1	500,100	112,20
Total	1,283,984	2,205,472	2,254,227	2,363,366	2,526,544	2,880,125
	Ex	PENDITUR	E.			
Salaries, etc	139,270	199,872	206,353	210,034	214,797	226,692
Sanitary work, street cleaning, etc.	132,542	225,919	236,766	243,774	244,984	248,956
T:_LA!	86,059	93,381	95,420	97,685	98.511	100,679
Fire brigades' contributions	16,769	30,277	32,086	33,939	32,786	35,120
Construction	244,315	274,593	238,773	200,151	232,977	294,874
PUDIIC WORKS (Malatanana	345,334	811.608	847,505	897,136	1.046,474	1,152,247
Formation of private streets, etc.	23,350	62,012	68,024	63,499	75,474	111,125
	27,745	92,738	101,461	112,020	124,797	137,688
r. 4 I			262,760	274,113	277,435	
01141	197,810	252,912	18,801		19,977	257,057
041 314	13,407 103,403	19,406 174,945	180,018	20,350 186,310	178.043	21,108
other expenditure	103,403	114,945	100,018	100,310	110,043	332,347
Total	1,330,004	2,237,663	2,287,967	2,339,011	2,546,255	2,917,888

3. Queensland.—(i) Present System of Local Government. The existing scheme of local government in the State of Queensland is regulated by the provisions of the Local Authorities Act 1902, with its amendments in 1903, 1905, 1910, 1912, 1913, and 1917, the State being divided into cities and towns and shires.

(ii) Area, Population, Number of Dwellings, Rates, Assets and Liabilities of Cities, Towns and Shires. The following table gives particulars of the area, population, number of inhabited tenements, assets and liabilities of cities and towns, and of shires, for each year from 1915 to 1919:—

QUEENSLAND.—PARTICULARS OF CITIES AND TOWNS AND SHIRES 1915 TO 1919.

				Number				Liabilities	i.
Year.	Municipality.	Area.	Popu- lation.	of In- habited Dwel- lings.	Capital Value.	Assets.	Govern- ment Loans.	Other.	Total.
1915	Cities and Towns	Square Miles. 400 669,494	No. 289,441 428,007	No. 61,140 89,919	£ 16,401,175 45,622,388	£ 1,691,800 499,390	£ 249,675 178,634	£ 1,132,546 127,618	£ 1,382,221 306,252
	(Total ·	669,894	717,448	151,059	62,023,563	2,191,190	428,309	1,260,164	1,688,473
1916	Cities and Towns Shires	395 669,499		58,223 91,297	16,361,028 45,919,033	1,741,355 552,750		1,170,038 133,352	1,428,263 324,104
	(Total	669,894	715,872	149,520	62,280,061	2,294,105	448,977	1,303,390	1,752,367
1917	Cities and Towns	406 669,483			16,771,990 45,276,512	1,829,543 567,438	261,385 181,862	1,217,593 124,432	1,478,978 306,294
	(Total	669,894	730,295	151,276	62,048,502	2,396,981	443,247	1,342,025	1,785,272
1918	Cities and Towns Shires	507 669,387	330,272 411,278			1,988,957 594,828		1,328,205 • 179,795	1,599.025 352,819
	(Total	669,894	741,550	153,972	62,990,360	2,583,785	443,844	1,508,000	1,951,844
1919	Cities and Towns Shires	510 669,384				2,037,948 625,883	304,204 191,551	1,363,391 206,721	1,667,595 398,272
	(Total	669,894	771,874	158,909	63,907,745	2,663,831	495,755	1,570,112	2,065,867

(iii) Receipts and Expenditure of Cities, Towns, and Shires. The following table shews the receipts and expenditure (including loan moneys) of cities and towns and of shires, as well as the total receipts and expenditure of all municipalities, for each year from 1915 to 1919:—

QUEENSLAND.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF CITIES AND TOWNS AND SHIRES, 1915 TO 1919.

į			Rece	eipts.			E	cpenditu	re.	
Year.	Municipality.	From Govern- ment.	From Rates.	From other Sources.	Total.	On Public Works.	Loan Redemp- tion	Office Ex- penses and Salaries.	Other Expenses. (a)	Total.
1915	Cities and Towns Shires	£ 27,439 36,736	£ 433,139 415,371	£ 97,245 62,665	£ 557,823 514,772	£ 493,900 390,701	£ 18,635 15,088	£ 39,553 67,485	£ 87,623 60,706	£ 639,711 533,980
	(Total	64,175	848,510	159,910	1,072,595	884,601	33,723	107,038	148,329	1,173,691
1916	Cities and Towns	29,541 23,680	460,252 443,843	86,139 63,361				50,388 82,240	87,970 71,902	637,541 533,736
	(Total	53,221	904,095	149,500	1,106,816	844,969	33,808	132,628	159,872	1,171,277
1917	Cities and Towns Shires	30,012 16,138	495,510 485,375			475,689 395,687				648,228 555,264
	(Total	46,150	980,885	168,134	1,195,169	871,376	36,312	142,291	153,513	1,203,492
1918	Cities and Towns Shires	16,937 23,448							141,366 61,252	680,837 666,893
	(Total	40,385	1,041,571	172,624	1,254,580	958,214	35,780	151,118	202,618	1,347,730
1919	Cities and Towns Shires	45,833 41,000		140,164 119,707					193,455 95,385	
	(Total	86,833	1,151,245	250,871	1,488,949	1,085,499	39,005	165,632	288,840	1,578,976

- 4. South Australia.—(i) Present System of Local Government. The more settled portion is under the jurisdiction of municipal corporations under the Act of 1890 and its amendments, and of district councils under the Act of 1914, as amended in 1918. Subsidies of 25 per cent. on current rates collected are paid to corporations and to district councils. Votes are annually provided by Parliament of about £200,000, for payment to corporations and district councils as a contribution towards the cost of main roads throughout the State and other roads in newly-settled areas.
- (ii) Finances of Corporations and District Councils. The subjoined tables show the amounts of assessments and the revenue and expenditure of corporations and of district councils for the financial years 1901 and 1915 to 1919; the figures given are exclusive of the Main Roads Funds, particulars regarding which may be found in the section of this book on "Roads and Bridges."

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.—ASSESSMENT, REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1919 (EXCLUSIVE OF MAIN ROADS FUNDS).

		Amount		Reve	enue.		Expend	diture.
Year. (a)		Assessment (Annual Value).	From Rates.	From Subsidies.			On Public Works.	Total.
		<u>' </u>		Corporati	ions.			
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1901		1,177,850	87,289	9,733	49,342	146,364	55,533	146,091
1915		1,918,256	173,941	22,669	66,887	263,497	169,926	288,629
1916		2,006,802	176,870	23,448	67,136	267,454	160,516	270,929
1917		2,037,649	189,594	24,084	77,517	291,195	199,532	289,235
1918		2,103,195	194,497	26,821	76,589	297,907	206,122	296,590
1919	••	2,237,394	215,605	25,280	93,207	334,092	254,559	340,172
		!	Di	STRICT CO	UNCILS.			
1901		1,412,507	63,321	15,225	51,919	130,465	65,406	128,499
1915		2,601,298	128,859	34,999	27,574	191,432	152,951	204,358
916		2,662,066	148,895	34,487	27,135	210,517	136,380	189,582
1917		2,704,374	155,677	36,674	30,143	222,494	161,886	205,079
918		2,767,309	162,718	38,298	32,091	233,107	194,734	250,610
L9 19		2,829,198	167,161	38,555	43,906	249,622	206,952	270,108

⁽a) Up to and including the year 1903, the financial year for corporations ended on the 31st December, but after that date ends on the 30th November. The financial year for district councils ends on the 30th June.

- 5. Western Australia.—(i) Present System of Local Government. In this State there are three forms of local authorities, namely—(i) Municipalities, (ii) Road Districts, and (iii) Local Boards of Health, the two former covering the whole of the State.
- (ii) Area, Population, etc., of Municipalities. Returns regarding the area, population, and valuation of municipalities are defective. They are shewn in the table hereunder:—

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—NUMBER, AREA, POPULATION, NUMBER OF DWELLINGS, AND VALUATION OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

Year	ended the	Number			 	Dwellings.		Amount . Payable in	
	October.	of Munici- palities.	Area.	Population.	Occupied. Unoccupied. Total.		res		respect of Rates.
		No.	Acres.	No.	No.	No.	No.	£	
1901		42	71,721	(a) 96,807 (b)	(b)20,989	(b) 967	(b)21,956	(c)	
1915		31	67,290	155,334	(c)	(c)	33,542	172,720	
1916		30	60,160	152,671	(c)	(c)	33,763	168,148	
1917		28	59,560	150,562	(c)	(c)	33,733	171,239	
1918		25	58,070	148,431	(c)	(c)	33,789	173,828	
1919		23	56,462	151,575	(c)	(c)	33,626	179,945	
1920	••	23	56,462	155,813	(c)	(c)	34,336	194,157	

⁽a) Census figures, 1901.

⁽b) Returns for thirty-nine municipalities only.

⁽c) Not available.

Complete particulars of improved or unimproved capital values are not available. In the year 1915 the capital value of ratable property in municipalities was £24,921,422; in 1916, £26,817,864; in 1917, £24,933,426; in 1918, £26,077,875; in 1919, £26,172,435; and in 1920, £26,280,406.

(iii) Revenue and Expenditure of Municipalities. The following table gives particulars as to the revenue and expenditure of municipalities during the years 1901 and 1915 to 1920:—

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

		Rev	enue.		i	Expend	iture.	
Year ended the 31st October—	From Rates.	From Govt. Grants.	From other Sources.	Total.	Works and Improve- ments.	Disburse- ments in respect of Loans.	Other Expenses.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	c	£	£	e
1901	78.022	66,860	82,246	227,128	111.241	23,809	79,365	214,415
1915	170,675	10,309	465,810	646,794	190,739	129,103	382,784	702,626
1916	166,617	9,462	437,258	613,337	120,411	127,559	370,390	618,360
1917	167,997	7,813	375,541	551,351	73,991	133,954	334,002	541,947
1918	171,315	1,870	374,992	548,177	75,086	135,617	327,784	538,487
1919 1	177,408	3,595	377,421	558,424	71,907	135,448	351,365	558,720
1920	190,171	1,142	471,859	663,172	95,194	147,396	423,233	665,823

⁽a) Including Loans raised during year and interest on Sinking Fund investments.

(iv) Assets and Liabilities of Municipalities. The following table gives particulars respecting the assets and liabilities of municipalities at the end of each financial year 1901 and 1915 to 1920:—

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

	i		Assets.			Liabilities.			
Year ended th 31st October-		Value of Property owned by Munici- palities.	Accrued Sinking Funds for Redemp- tion of Loans.	Other Assets.	Total.	Outstanding Debts and Bonds.	Other Liabili- ties.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	
1901	37,259	214,984	42,311	13,432	307,986	321,000	19,762	340,769	
1915	16,732	1,280,912	268,911	103,409	1,669,964	1.690,074	74,392	1,764,46	
1916	17,233	1,438,246	286,485	86,158	1,828,122	1,813,426	68,897	1,882,32	
1917	27,259	1,445,877	298,421	85,039	1,856,596	1,789,168	67,754	1,856,92	
1918	35,016	1,440,479	335,459	96,318	1,907,272	1,753,316	71,740	1,825,05	
1919	41,806	1,426,270	372,168	127,532	1,967,776	1,738,568	85,361	1,823,929	
1920	! 30,520	1,456,110	385,688	139,181	2,011,499	1,746,210	91,467	1,837,67	

⁽a) Including bank balance, cash in hand, and fixed deposit.

(v) Road Districts. Returns regarding Road Districts are as under:-

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, OF ROAD DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

Year	ž.	:	Esti-		Reve	nue.		!	Expend	liture.	•		
ended 30th June.	No. of District	Area.	mated Annual Value.	Rates.	From Govern- ment.	Other.		Admin- istra- tion.	Works.	Other.	Total.	Assets.	Liabi-
	No.	Acres.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1901 (a)	93	975,808	(b)	8,293	36,011	6, 580	50,884	6,833	45,303	3,935	56,071	18,339	2,441
1915			1,756,314		27,753							206,806	
1916	113	975,827	1,802,847	104,345		38,820	167,562	24,903	114,343	27,094	166,340	226,335	114,841
1917	117		1,793,463	113,686		55,383	199,295					256,245	
1918	116	975,830	(b)	116,245			195,026		139,514			265,033	
1919	118	975,831		118,144			199,584		132,276			272,441	
1920	118	975,830	(b)	135,644	53,234	168,902	257,780	31,722	152,172	59,471	243,365	280,621	191,823

⁽a) Year ended 31st December. (b) Not available. (c) Including Loans raised during the year and interest on Sinking Fund investments.

(vi) Boards of Health. On the 31st October, 1920, there were twenty-six Local Boards of Health within municipalities, and on the 30th June, 1920, sixty-one under control of Road Boards, and twenty-eight extra-municipal Boards. In and after 1911, the financial year of Municipal Local Health Boards ended 31st October, and that of extra-municipal Boards, 30th June.

The following table shews particulars of the receipts and expenditure of the various Boards—both municipal and extra-municipal—during the years 1901 and 1915 to 1920 :--

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF LOCAL HEALTH BOARDS, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

	 1	Revenue.			Expenditure.			
Year ende 31st Octo	From Public Health Rate.		Total.	On Sanitary Services.	Other Expenses.	Total.		
	 £	£	£	£		£		
1901	 15,251	17,456	32,707	18,789	15,555	34,344		
1915 (a)	 (e) 42,904	(f) 61,393	104,297	70,963	36,890	107,853		
1916 (b)	 (e) 43,942	(f) 59,441	103,383	68,749	29,971	98,720		
1917 (c)	 (e) 42,967	(f) 56,488	99,455	67,830	31,056	98,886		
1918 (d)	 (e) 41,358	(f) 56,383	97,741	66,652	32,588	99,240		
1919 (g)	 (e) 40,781	(f) 59,174	99,955	74,390	36,970	111,360		
1920 (h)	 (e) 49,012	(f) 74,633	123,645	82,856	39,719	122,575		

⁽a) Exclusive of 13 inactive boards. (b) Exclusive of 8 inactive boards. (c) Exclusive of 10 inactive boards. (d) Exclusive of 8 inactive boards. (e) Including sanitary rates. (f) Including sanitary fees and charges. (g) Exclusive of 9 inactive boards. (h) Exclusive of 11 inactive boards.

- 6. Tasmania.—(i) Systems of Local Government. The whole State, with the exception of the cities of Hobart and Launceston, which were incorporated under separate Acts, was divided by the Local Government Act of 1906 into municipal districts. Amendments to that Act were made in 1908, 1911, 1918, 1919, and 1920.
- (ii) Annual Value, Revenue, and Expenditure of Municipalities. The following table shews the annual value, total receipts, and expenditure of municipalities for the years 1915 to 1919 inclusive :-

TASMANIA.—ANNUAL VALUE, REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1915 TO 1919.

		Number	Annual Value	i 1	Revenue.					
Yea	r.	of Munici- palities.	of Ratable Property.	From Rates.	From Govt.	From other Sources. (a)	Total.	Expenditure. (b)		
			£	£	£	£	£	£		
1915		50	1,654,654	190,491	14,651	172,006	377,148	394,374		
1916		50	1,717,878	188,939	12,753	216,880	418,572	510,977		
1917		50	1,769,443	202,119	18,527	249,756	470,402	487,615		
1918		50	1,787,234	216,232	22,266	318,511	557,009	558,939		
1919		50	1,872,336	240,661	33,967	304,258	578,886	585,491		

⁽a) Including sums derived from loans. (b) Including repayments of loans.

According to the latest estimate made by the Commissioner of Taxes the capital value of ratable property in 1919 was £37,121,328.

(iii) Total Revenue and Expenditure of Local Bodies. In addition to the local authorities already mentioned, seven Marine Boards and three Harbour Trusts have been established at ports in Tasmania for the purposes of constructing and maintaining wharves and jetties and of controlling all matters relating to shipping in the respective ports. Of the Water Trusts, seven maintain independent existence, and the remaining twenty-five are incorporated in the Municipalties. There are twenty-four

independent Cemetery Trusts. The subjoined statement shews the total revenue and expenditure for all local bodies, exclusive of all amounts contributed by the general Government, during each year from 1915 to 1919 inclusive:—

TASMANIA.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF ALL LOCAL BODIES, EXCLUSIVE OF AMOUNTS CONTRIBUTED BY THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT, 1915 TO 1919.

Particula	irs.	,	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.
			(a) Revi	ENUE.			
			 - -	1	0	!	
			£	£	£	£	£
Marine Boards and	Lighthou	ses(c)	93,488	(c)67,579	100,364	79,633	89,037
Municipalities	•••		362,497	405,819	451,875	534,743	544,919
Cemetery Trusts			1,320	1,275	1,143	1,507	1,718
Water Trusts	••	••	2,364	2,365	2,865	2,669	3,458
Total			459,669	477,038	556,247	618,552	639,132
			(b) Expen	DITURE.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		1	£	£	£	£	£
Marine Boards and	Lighthou	ses (c)	144,805	87,960	99,308	89,722	99,300
Municipalities			379,723	498,224	469,088	536,673	551,524
Cemetery Trusts	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,499	1,425	1,379	1,593	1,610
Water Trusts	••	• •	1,966	1,813	1,753	2,246	2,894
Total		•	527,993	589,422	571,528	630,234	655,328

⁽a) Exclusive of amounts contributed by the general Government. (b) Exclusive of expenditure from Government contributions. (c) In 1915 the chief lighthouses were taken over by the Commonwealth.

§ 3. Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage.

1. New South Wales.—(i) Metropolitan Waterworks. The following tables give particulars as to (a) the revenue, expenditure, and capital cost of the metropolitan waterworks, and (b) the number of gallons of water, number of houses and population supplied in 1901 and from 1916 to 1920:—

SYDNEY WATERWORKS.—REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND CAPITAL COST, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

Year e 30th J	Revenue.	Working Expenses.	Capital Cost, exclusive of Items on which Interest is not charged.	Percentage of Working Expenses to Revenue.	Percentage of Revenue to Capital Cost.	Interest Payable on Capital Cost.	Net Profit after Paying Working Expenses and Interest.
	£	£	£	. %	%	£	£
1901	 203,348	49,270	4,300,552	$^{\%}_{24.22}$	$\frac{\%}{4.72}$	152,333	1,745
1916	 470,744	165,210	7,192,472	35.09	6.54	261,335	44,199
1917	 468,537	177,977	7,769,200	37.98	6.03	306,198	-15,638b
1918	 523,979	195,448	8,472,700	37.30	6.18	343,716	-15,185b
1919	 627,288	219,322	8,900,391	34.96	7.04	377,885	30,079
1920	 664,975	291,618	9,584,723	43.85	6.93	433,170	-59.8136

 ⁽a) Rate increased from 6¹/₂d. to 7¹/₂d. in the £ of the assessed annual value from 1st July, 1918.
 (b) — Signifies loss.

SYDNEY WATERWORKS.—NUMBER OF GALLONS, HOUSES, AND POPULATION SUPPLIED, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

					! !	Average	Daily Supply,	
	ended June.	Number of Houses Supplied.	Estimated Population Supplied.	Average Daily Supply.	Total Supply for the Year.	Per House.	Per Head of Estimated Population.	Mains Laid.
		No.	No.	1.000 Gallons.	1,000 Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Miles.
1901		98,298	491,000	21,583	7,877,677	219	43.95	40
1916		183,598	917,990	39,380	14,374,000	214	42.89	183
1917		193.643	968,215	39,637	14,467,000	204	40.94	104
1918		196,685	993,425	41,358	15,096,030	206	41.63	98
1919		204,308	1.021.540	45,557	16,628,342	223	44.59	106
1920		212,046	1,060,230	48,021	17,527,753	226	45.29	142
1920	••	212,046	1,060,230	48,021	17,527,755	226	45.29	142

(ii) Metropolitan Sewerage Systems. The following tables shew (a) the revenue, expenditure, and capital cost of the metropolitan sewerage systems, and (b) the number of houses drained, the population served, and the length of sewers in 1901 and from 1916 to 1920:—

SYDNEY SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.—REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND CAPITAL COST, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

Year end 30th	Revenue.	Working Expenses.	Capital Cost, exclusive of Items on which Interest is not charged.	Percentage of Expenditure to Revenue.	Percentage of Revenue on Capital Cost.	Interest Payable on Capital Cost.	Profit or Loss after Payment of Working Expenses and Interest.
	 •	£		 %	— %	:	
1901	 125,290	45,395	3,066,147	36.23	4.05	106,475	- 26,580
1916	 363,799	120,244	6,114,072	33.05	5.95	224,551	19,004
1917	 387,333	138,416	6,722,313	35.73	5.76	269,723	-20,806
1918	 429,669	147,444	6,870,927	34.31	6.25	283,661	-1,436
1919	 497,406	151,951	6,963,573	30.54	7.14	291,347	54,108
1920	 512,621	202,360	7,124,813	39.47	7.26	328,239	17,978

NOTE.—The minus sign (-) represents a loss.

SYDNEY SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.—NUMBER OF HOUSES DRAINED, POPULATION SERVED, AND LENGTH OF SEWERS, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

Year en	ded the 30th	June.	Number of Houses Drained.	Estimated Population Served.	Total Length of Sewers.	Total Length of Storm- water Drains.	Ventilating Shafts Erected.	Sewers Ventilated.
			No.	No.	Miles.	Miles.	Feet.	Miles.
1901			75,416	370,000	515.62	25.91	194,667	450
1916			129,650	648,250	1,022.15	54.08	443,134	953
1917			136,409	682,045	1.085.45	59.55	475,474	1.030
1918			139,777	698,885	1,113.34	60.07	479,464	1,039
1919			141,798	708,990	1.131.72	60.11	484,798	1,052
1920	••		145,304	726,520	1,161.94	63.73	503,362	1,096

(iii) The Hunter District Water Supply and Sewerage. (a) Water Supply. The number of service reservoirs has been increased to seventeen, with a capacity of 14,849,260 gallons. Of these twelve are supplied by gravitation from the summit reservoir, four by repumping, and one by direct pumping. The total length of water mains has risen to 449 miles.

The capital debt of the Board to the Government at 30th June, 1920, in respect of water supply was £973,512.

In the subjoined table particulars are given as to the revenue and expenditure, and also as to the number of houses and population supplied in 1901 and 1916 to 1920:—

PARTICULARS OF HUNTER DISTRICT WATER SUPPLY, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

				Working		Estimated	Sur	ply.
Year e	ar ended 30th June.		Revenue.	Expenses (including Interest).	Houses Supplied.	Population Served.	Daily Average.	Total.
•			£	£	No.	No.	1.000 gallons.	1,000 gallons.
1901			27,405	30,948	9,086	45,400	1,005	366,889
1916			79,507	58,436	22,056	110,280	3,507	1,283,754
1917			78,040	65,338	22,604	113,377	3,435	1,253,897
1918			80,607	73,949	23,257	116,285	3,442	1,256,628
1919			91,204	76,297	24,079	120,395	4,065	1,483,806
1920			97,469	88,488a	24,864	124,320	4,319	1,580,905

(a) Including £32,617, interest on capital debt, and £10,355, instalment to sinking fund for reconstruction of renewable works.

The average daily consumption of water for all purposes per inhabitant was 34.74 gallons during the year 1920, as against 33.76 gallons during the previous year.

- (b) Sewerage Works. Considerable progress has been made by the Department of Public Works with the construction of the sewerage works for Newcastle and suburbs. Up to the 30th June, 1920, about 133 miles of sewers, connecting with 11,338 separate properties, were under the control of the Board. For the financial year 1919-20 the revenue was £28,050 and the expenditure £40,626, the latter amount including a £4,949 instalment to the sinking fund for the reconstruction of renewable works. The capital debt of the Board to the Government at 30th June, 1920, in respect of sewerage was £518,804.
- (iv) Water Supply and Sewerage in Country Towns. The works of country water supply and sewerage are now carried on under the Local Government Act 1919, as amended in 1920. The operation of Part XIV. of the Principal Act commenced on 1st September, 1920, and until that date the Country Towns Water Supply and Sewerage Acts remained in operation.
- (a) Waterworks. Up to the 30th June, 1918, 58 country municipalities had availed themselves of the privileges of the Acts as regards waterworks, all of which at that date had been completed and handed over by the Government. The capital debt of these works as gazetted was £1,466,751, and the total sums payable annually for various periods ranging up to 100 years was £55,306, including interest ranging from 3½ per cent. to 4 per cent. per annum, the first repayments having become due at various dates, starting from the end of the year 1893. In the calculation of these repayments the interest during construction on the sums actually expended has been added, and any payments by the councils, as well as sums remitted under the authority of the Acts, have

been deducted. It has recently been found necessary to increase the rate of interest from 4 to 5 per cent., and then 5½ per cent. per annum. Under the present Local Government Act, the Government may from time to time fix the rate of interest which shall be payable upon the amount of capital debt remaining unpaid on these works, and may thereupon alter the instalments accordingly. Other schemes of water supply and extensions of existing works are in course of construction. A few other municipalities have constructed works out of their own resources. The water supply of Broken Hill with a loan expenditure of £481,795 was constructed under a special Act, and is administered by the Minister for Public Works. The Junee Water Supply has been placed under special administration and the Grafton Water Supply serving both Grafton and South Grafton is vested in a board composed of three members of each council.

- (b) Sewerage Works. Only twenty municipal councils have taken advantage of the Act providing for the construction of sewerage and storm water drainage works in country towns. On the 30th June, 1920, the capital debt of these systems was £474,952, the amount payable annually to the Government being £19,965. Other sewerage systems, as well as extensions to existing systems, are in course of construction.
- 2. Victoria.—(i) The Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works. No alteration has been made in the constitution of the Board. Under the provisions of section 71 of the Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works Act 1915, however, and by consent of the Governor in Council given on 14th December, 1920, all land within thirteen miles of the General Post Office was included within the Metropolis for Water Supply and This land area consisted of 434 square miles, and on 31st December, Sewerage purposes. 1920, comprised 18 cities, 3 towns, and 1 borough and part of another, also 1 shire and parts of 13 others, a total of 37 municipalities or portions thereof. Control for water supply purposes is also exercised by consent of the Governor in Council over other parts of certain municipalities outside the thirteen mile radius, the Board supplying water to the Metropolitan Farm at Werribee, the outfall sewer area, and elsewhere. Various other shires also arrange for bulk supplies of water. The total estimated population served on the 31st December, 1920, was 795,851. The liability on Government loans on the 30th June, 1920, was £1,313,182, and for loans raised by the Board was £11,523,613. The Board is still empowered to borrow £303,139 before reaching the limit of its borrowing powers.
- (a) Total Cost of Water Supply and Sewerage. The subjoined table shews the total cost of construction and maintenance of water supply and sewerage from 1853 to 1920:—

MELBOURNE AND METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.—TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE, 1853 TO 1920.

Period ending	}	Water Suppl	у.	İ	Sewerage.		Grand
30th June.	Capital Cost.	Working Expenses.	Interest.	Capital Cost.	Working Expenses.	Interest.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1853 to 1891	3,378,246	420,833	1,021,676			1	4,820,755
1891 to 1901	336,957	367,506	1,021,181	3,307,764	114,268	919,017	6,066,693
1901 to 1911	299,303	384,871	1,026,362	2,981,666	461,706	2,333,348	7,487,256
1911 to 1914	600,222	159,903	354,665	614,401	199,214	902,310	2,830,715
1914 to 1915	129,007	60,547	130,268	245,548	72,030	316,788	954,188
1915 to 1916	91.893	54,580	134,915	166,201	70,783	321,640	840,012
1916 to 1917	31,979	54,566	137,544	108,583	72,658	329,176	734,506
1917 to 1918	21.214	60,714	139,458	155,911	85,327	345,521	808,145
1918 to 1919	32,245	59.394	153,573	138,884	87,954	372,235	844,285
1919 to 1920	47,251	62,941	156,588	158,288	95,287	373,925	894,280
Total	4,968,317	1,685,855	4,276,230	7,877,246	1,259,227	6,213,960	26,280,835

(b) Revenue and Expenditure of Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works. The following table shews the actual receipts and expenditure, and also the loan receipts and expenditure of the Board during 1901-2 and 1915-16 to 1919-20:—

MELBOURNE AND METROPOLITAN BOARD OF WORKS.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE DURING EACH YEAR, 1901-2 AND 1915-16 TO 1919-20.

Particulars.	1901–2.	1915–16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.
	1	1	1 '	'		1

ORDINARY RECEIPTS.

Water supply Sewerage, etc. Live stock—Metropolitan farm Interest { Water supply Sewerage		£ 171,956 124,696 19,929 17,448	£ 344,053 311,408 103,669 1,718 8,694	£ 393,747 298,250 86,225 1,593 11,131	£ 335,674 308,904 58,124 1,053 8,514 30,275	£ 353,466 864,025 57,201 826 7,525	£ 394,007 396,718 53,051 1,707 9,509
Total	••	334,029	769,542	725,946	742,544	783,043	854,992

ORDINARY EXPENDITURE.

General management Live stock, etc.—Metropolitan farm Maintenance { Sewerage . Interest { Water supply .	 	33,621 16,702 22,205 24,396 102,670 192,952	45,776 87,325 41,457 54,748 136,633 330,568	49,409 67,206 38,452 45,208 139,138 340,589	50,094 85,195 39,024 61,332 140,906 354,211	49,700 63,595 39,580 56,221 145,458 361,898	51,259 60,851 60,362 62,149 147,750 362,886
etc. Patriotic and Belgian Relief Funds Victorian Red Cross Sinking fund investment		:: :: ::	1,000 10,721 30,000	7,431 i00	6,458 	3,535 713 30,000	1,195 100 5,036
Total	••	392,546	738,228	687,533	737,220	750,700	751,588

LOAN RECEIPTS.

Water supply Sewerage Proceeds of loans Miscellaneous	 	::	1,636 88,425 396,238	18,500 53,326 190,512 7,947	8,062 44,926 567,878 2,648	3,482 42,673 77,025 4,431	47,339	4,712 53,973 543,853 4,351
Total	 ••		486,299	270,285	623,514	127,611	231,041	606,889

LOAN EXPENDITURE.

Water supply con Sewerage constru Expenses in float	ction	• •	lon of	17,058 410,760	109,440 235,458	39,764 154,748	23,569 182,431	35,237 191,012	55,937 205,516
loans Miscellaneous	::	••	••	5,200 (a) 4,293	51,559 30,311	379,362 7,156	26,429 1,273	27,151 9,263	249,617 27,622
Total				428,725	426,768	581,025	233,702	262,663	538,692

⁽a) Credit by excess of stock distribution (£7,020) over purchases (£2,727).

(ii) Melbourne Metropolitan Water Supply. (a) Development of System. The following statement shows the development which has taken place in the water supply system of Melbourne during the 63 years since its inception:—

MELBOURNE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM, 1857 TO 1920.

Year.	Estimated Population Supplied.	Capital cost.	Charge per 1,000 Gallons.	Rate in £.	Reticulation, Mains, etc., Mileage. (b)	Daily average of annual consumption of water.(a)
1857 (Dec. 31) 1920 (June 30)	95,442 795,851	£ 748,974 4,968,317	10/- and 6/- 1/-	1/- 6d.	104 1,723½	3,250,000 45,187,536

(a) 31st December. (b) 30th June.

On the O'Shanassy scheme up to 30th June, 1920, the sum of £466,678 has been expended.

(b) Quantity of Water, Number of Houses, and Population Supplied. The following table gives various particulars for the years 1901 and 1916 to 1920, shewing the increase in the supply of water in Melbourne and suburbs:—

MELBOURNE WATERWORKS.—NUMBER OF HOUSES, POPULATION, AND WATER SUPPLIED, 1901, AND 1916 TO 1920.

Year.	Number	7.414-3		Total		ge Daily pply.	[Assessments of Houses
Ended 30th June.	of Houses Served.	Estimated Population Supplied.	Average Daily Supply.	Supply for the Year ended 30th June.	Per House.	Per Head of Estimated Population.	Rate Levied.	Served by Metropolitan Water Supply.
	No.	No.	,000 Gallons.	,000 Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.		£
1901	104,548	491,780	28,732	10,487,007	274.8	58.4	6d. in the £	3,479,721
1916	155,208	693,978	37,069	13,567,184	238.8	53.4	i)	(6,905,842
1917	158,086	720,577	37,653	13,743,439	238.2	52.3	6d. in the	7,113,740
1918	161,743	733,496	39,133	14,283,490	241.9	53.3	£	₹ 7,270,091
1919	165,046	749,709	41,222	15,045,938	249.8	55.0	:1	7,507,306
1920	170,550	771,871a	44,300	16,235,587	260.1	57.47	7	(7,945,874

(a) Census population 3rd April. 1921.

(c) Total Cost of Construction, Revenue, Expenditure and Net Profits, 1853 to 1920. The following table shews the total cost of construction, the revenue, expenditure, and net profits for various periods up to 30th June, 1920:—

MELBOURNE WATERWORKS.—CONSTRUCTION COST, REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND NET PROFITS, 1853 TO 1920.

Period.		Capital Cost. (a)	Revenue.	Working Expenses.(c)	Percentage of Working Expenses to Revenue.	Interest. (d)	Surplus.
		£	£	£	%	£	£
Total to 1890-	-l	3,378,246	3,150,055	420,833		1,021,676	1,707,546
1891-2 to 1900)-1	336,957	1,686,025	367,506	21.80	1,021,181	297,338
1901-2 to 1910	-11(e)	299,303	2,054,355	384,871	18.73	1,026,362	643,122
1911-12 to 191	13-14	600,222	897,577	159,903	17.81	354,665	383,009
1914-15		129,007	350,549	60,547	17.27	130,268	159,734
191516		91,893	(/) 334,181	(g) 54,580	16.33	134,915	144,686
1916-17		31,979	319,614	(h) 54,566	17.07	137,544	127,504
1917-18		21,214	331,955	(i) 60,714	18.29	139,458	131,783
1918-19		32,245	372,180	(j) 59,394	15.96	153,573	159,213
1919-20		47,251	398,173	(k) 62,941	15.80	156,588	178,644
Total		4,968,317	9,894,664	1,685,855		4,276,230	3,932,579

(a) Works commenced in 1853. (b) Revenue commenced in 1854. (c) Returns for expenditure commenced in 1859. (d) First interest paid in 1856. (e) 1906-07. Water rates increased from 6d. to 7d. in the £. (f) Rate reduced from 7d. to 6d. in the £. (g) Not including renewals (£7,349) and special War expenditure (£7,728). (h) Not including renewals (£4,465) and special War expenditure (£1,889). (i) Not including renewals (£3,893) and special War expenditure (£3,632). (j) Not including renewals (£4,183) and special War expenditure (£1,888). (k) Not including renewals (£6,343) and War expenditure (£552).

(iii) Melbourne Sewerage. The movable pan system has been displaced by the water carriage system throughout the greater portion of the metropolis, and in other

parts the work of reticulation is now proceeding.

(a) Metropolitan Sewage Farm. The farm originally contained 8,847 acres, situated on the western side of the Werribee River. Since 1911, 3,129 acres have been purchased, making the total area of the farm 11,976 acres at 30th June, 1920, its total cost to that date being £578,139. About 34,360,794 gallons of sewage had to be disposed of every 24 hours during the year 1919-20 in irrigating the fields. During the financial year 1919-20, 5,085 sheep were sold, the profit for the year being £4,582. Cattle to the number of 2,268 were sold, the profit for the year on cattle being £21,019.

(b) Number of Houses Connected, Capital Cost, Revenue and Expenditure. The following table gives particulars as to the number of houses connected to the sewerage system, the total capital cost, and the receipts and disbursements during 1901-2 and

1915-16 to 1919-20:-

MELBOURNE SEWERAGE WORKS.—TENEMENTS CONNECTED, CAPITAL COST, REVENUE, MAINTENANCE, AND WORKING EXPENSES, 1901-2 AND 1915-16 TO 1919-20.

		Number of		R	Maintenance,			
Year.	— -	Houses Connected.	Capital Cost.	From Rates.	From other Sources.	Total.	Repairs and Renewals.	
		No.	£	£	£	£	£	
1901-2		47,172	3,610,225	126,725	10,968	137,693	24,336	
1915-16		143,737	7,135,580	307,625(a)	50,487	358,112	52,402 (b)	
1916-17		148,395	7,424,163	289,512 (c)	25,586	315,098	53,099 (d)	
1917-18		151,622	7,580,074	298,053 (e)	29,346	327,399	65,534	
1918-19		155,238	7,718,958	341,053(f)	38,847	379,900	69,777 (g)	
1919-20		158,735	7,877,246	362,136	46,921	409,057	75,094 (ħ)	

⁽a) Rate reduced from 1s. 1d. to 11d. in the £. (b) Not including renewals (£3,424) and special War expenditure (£2,925). (c) Rate reduced from 11d. to 10d. in the £. (d) Not including renewals (£3,402) and special War expenditure (£2,635). (e) Not including renewals (£3,402) and special War expenditure (£2,609) (f) Rate increased from 10d. to 11d. (g) Not including Renewals (£3,383) and special War expenditure (£1,564). (h) Not including renewals (£3,775) and special War expenditure (£553).

(iv) Water Supply in Country Towns and Districts. Most of the country waterworks are controlled by the State Rivers and Water Supply Commission. Further information with regard to this Commission and to the works and districts under its control are given in the section in this book dealing with Water Conservation and Irrigation. There are, however, a number of other waterworks which are controlled by Waterworks Trusts or by municipal corporations.

The following table gives particulars as to the waterworks under the control of Trusts and municipal corporations for the years 1901 and 1916 to 1920:—

VICTORIA.—COUNTRY WATERWORKS UNDER TRUSTS AND MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

			Waterwo	rks Trusts.		Municipal Corporations.				
Year.		Number of Trusts.	Capital Cost.	Capital Indebted- ness.	Interest Out- standing.	Number of Cor- porations.	Capital Cost.	Capital Indebted- ness.	Interest Out- standing.	
		No.	£	£	£	No.	£	£	£	
1901		76	823,418	748,089	(a)	24	(a)	470,041	(a)	
1916		97	1,206,938	929,561	13,128	28	700.832	450,518	2,050	
1917		98	1,224,211	937,810	13,358	28	718,089	464,114	1,871	
1918		98	1,196,335	904,229	12,632	29	773,998	514,115	10,379	
1919		98	1,210,097	907,087	13,898	29	779,834	515,240	9,658	
1920		98	1,189,259	892,222	14,970	29	782,115	515,364	10.614	

- (v) Geelong Waterworks and Sewerage Trust. The cost of the works (water and sewerage) under the control of the Geelong Waterworks and Sewerage Trust to 30th June, 1920, was £800,700, the estimated population served 37,000, and the number of assessments 11,900. The revenue for the year amounted to £51,836.
- 3. Queensland.—(i) The Metropolitan and Ipswich Water Supply and Sewerage Board. (a) General. Since the publication of Year Book No. 12, the filtration works on Holt's Hill have been put into operation and the whole of the water supply in the Brisbane area is now filtered.

The second reservoir has been completed on Bartley's Hill, bringing the capacity of the service reservoirs to six and a half million gallons. A new reservoir is being constructed on Tarragindi Hill, a suburb of Brisbane, to contain approximately 14,000,000 gallons. It is anticipated that this reservoir will be completed during the year 1921.

(b) Brisbane Waterworks and Sewerage Works under Construction: Cost, Revenue, Expenditure, and Interest. The subjoined table gives particulars as to the total capital cost, the revenue and expenditure, and amount of interest and loan redemption during 1901 and each of the years 1915 to 1920:—

BRISBANE WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE WORKS UNDER CONSTRUCTION.—
COST, REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, INTEREST, AND REDEMPTION OF LOANS,
1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

Year.		Capital Cost (including Sowerage Works from 1914).	Revenue from Rates and Sales of Water.	Working Expenses.	New Work Construction (including Sewerage Works from 1914).	Interest and Redemption of Loans.
		£	£	£	£	£
1901		694,973	60,120	17,462	7,535	42,426
1915		1,852,622	103,530	50,078	361,765	52,704
1916		2,136,699	111,066	53,879	284,078	53,995
1917		2,422,857	121,514	59,199	286,158	60,388
1918		2,683,846	134,121	65,653	259,132	64,039
1919	• •	3,115,002	156,743	79,667	431,156	72,354
1920		3,661,580	216,620	94,070	546,578	88,033

(c) Brisbane Waterworks: Length of Mains, Tenements and Population Served, and Water Consumption. The following table shews the length of mains, the number of tenements connected, the population supplied, the total quantity of water supplied, the average daily supply, and the average daily supply per head of population during 1901 and each year from 1915 to 1920:—

BRISBANE WATERWORKS.—PARTICULARS, 1901 AND 1915 TO 1920.

Year.		Length of Reticulation Mains.	Number of Tenements Connected.	Estimated Population Supplied.	Quantity Supplied.	Average Daily Supply.	Average Daily Supply per Head of Estimated Population.	
		Miles.	No.	No.	,000 Gallons.	Gallons,	Gallons.	
1901		198	15,652	78,260	1,536,260	4,208,931	53.78	
1915		405	31,442	157,210	2,655,440	7.275.178	46.28	
1916		414	31,770	158,030	2,629,108	7,183,354	45.46	
1917		4291	33,082	165,410	2,827,836	7.747.498	46.83	
1918		451§	34,450	172,250	3,159,105	8,655,082	50.24	
1919		477	36,998	178,620	3,628,478	9,941,036	55.65	
1920		505	40,266	193,160	3.293,061	8.997.436	46.58	

- (d) Sewerage Scheme. Sewerage works are under construction, by which the sewage will be treated by the activated sludge method. The survey work is being carried on, 20,268 houses having now been surveyed, and 77,368 lineal feet of main sewers, including a tunnel under the Brisbane River, have been constructed, while 19,224 lineal feet are under construction.
- (ii) Country Towns' Water Supply. In addition to the city of Brisbane there were at the end of the year 1919 thirty towns in Queensland provided with water supply systems constructed by municipalities chiefly from Government loans. The subjoined statement gives particulars of all the water supply systems—exclusive of Brisbane—for the year 1919:—

QUEENSLAND.—PARTICULARS OF COUNTRY WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS. 1919.

Cost of construction to $31/12/191,010,024$ $Receipts \begin{cases} Rates and sales of water 107,530 \\ Other(a)20,881 \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & $	Expenditure	419 694 967 803
Assets 799,977	Liabilities 580,	

⁽a) Including £9,864 from Government loans.

4. South Australia.—(i) Adelaide Water Supply System. The water supply system of Adelaide is under the control of the Public Works Department. The total capital cost up to the 30th June, 1920, was £2,172,518, the total revenue being £3,543,470, and the area served approximately 106,465 acres.

The following table gives various particulars relating to the water supply of Adelaide for the years 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

ADELAIDE WATER SUPPLY.—LENGTH OF MAINS, REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND CONSUMPTION OF WATER, 1916 TO 1920.

Year ended 30th June.		Length of Mains.	Gross Revenue.	Working Expenses.	Net Revenue.	Percentage of Net Revenue on Capital Cost.	Total Consumption of Water. (a)	
		Miles	£	£	£	%	Million of Gallons.	
1916		873	103,947	35,412	68,535	3.42	3,223	
1917		882	118,951	32,974	85,977	4.26	4,113	
1918		901	118,985	34,298	84,687	4.15	4,266	
1919		914	126,110	36,142	89,968	4.33	5,292	
1920		947	137,488	43,410	94,078	4.33	5,626	

⁽a) In the Adelaide Water District there are no governing meters. The quantities shewn above are as recorded by gaugings taken at the reservoirs, and include evaporation and absorption.

⁽ii) Adelaide Sewerage System. In connexion with the sewerage system of Adelaide, which is also under the control of the Public Works. Department, about 363 miles of sewers had been laid in the city and suburbs up to the 30th June, 1920.

The following table gives particulars relating to the Adelaide sewerage system for the years 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

			Revenue.			Expenditure		Net Revenue.		
Year ended the 30th June.		Rates and Interest. Sewage Farm. Sales of Produce, etc.		Total.	Mainten- ance.	Sewage Farm. Working Expenses.	Total.	Total.	Per- centage on Capital Cost.	
		2	£	£	£	£	£	£	%	
1916	i	56,606	21,207	77,813	11,410	14,432	25,842	51,971	6.39	
1917		57,488	13,664	71,152	11,350	10,794	22,144	49,008	5.96	
1918		59,345	19,060	78,405	12,054	11,945	23,999	54,406	6.55	
1919		60,808	14,697	75,505	13,226	10,409	23,635	51,870	6.12	
1920	!	65,744	20.332	86,076	13,396	10,650	24,046	62,030	7.21	

The seaside town of Glenelg is served by separate sewage disposal works, including a pumping station, septic tank, lucerne plots, and filter beds. The net revenue for the year ended 30th June, 1920, was £1,501, being 3.25 per cent. on the capital cost. Up to the same date 15\frac{3}{2} miles of sewers had been laid.

The city of Port Adelaide has a sewerage system by which the sewage is pumped to the Sewage Farm. The capital cost of this work at 30th June, 1920, was £307,931. The revenue received for the year ended 30th June, 1920, was £6,460, the working expenses £4,064, leaving a net revenue of £2,396, representing 0.78 per cent. on capital cost. The length of sewers laid at the above date was $42\frac{\pi}{4}$ miles.

- (iii) Water Supply in Country Towns. In South Australia there is a number of country water works under the control of the Public Works Department, but there are no fresh additions to be made to the particulars supplied in Year Book No. 12 (page 965).
- 5. Western Australia.—(i) Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Department. This Department has the management of the undermentioned water supplies:—(a) The Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Undertaking. (b) The Goldfields Water Supply Undertaking. (c) Mines Water Supplies, boring and well-sinking in mining districts, formerly a branch of the Mines Department. (d) Water supplies, sewerage and drainage, well-sinking, boring, etc., in agricultural districts, etc., formerly a branch of the Public Works Department.
- (ii) The Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Undertaking.—(a) The Metropolitan Water Supply Works were first opened by a private company in October, 1890. Under the provisions of the Metropolitan Waterworks Act 1896, however, the works were purchased by the Government at a cost of £220,000, and were placed under the control of a Board, the functions of which were exercised from 1904 to 1909 by the Minister for Works. By the Metropolitan Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Act 1909, all water and sewerage works formerly vested in the Metropolitan Board were transferred to a Minister of Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage. August, 1912, the administration was transferred to the Water Supply Department. The supply of water is derived from five sources—(I.) the Victoria Reservoir, (II.) Bickley Brook pipehead dam, (III.) the Mundaring Reservoir, (IV.) Narrogin Brook, and (V.) artesian bores. For the year ending 30th June, 1919, the total consumption of water was 2,174 million gallons, exclusive of water supplied to railways from Walters Brook, Victoria Reservoir, and Narrogin Brook-an increase of 329 millions over the previous year. The number of services at that date was 33,301, and the length of mains was 623 miles.

(b) Financial Operations of Water Supply Branch. The following table gives particulars of the financial operations of the Metropolitan Water Supply Branch for each year ending the 30th June from 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

METROPOLITAN WATER SUPPLY BRANCH.(a)—PARTICULARS OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS, 1916 TO 1920.

Year ended the 30th June.	Capital Cost of Works.	Depreciation.	Net Capital Cost.	Gross Revenue.	Cost of Maintenance and Management.	Ratio of Working Expenses to Revenue.
	£	£	£	£	£	%
1916	997,650	201,834	795,816	103,668	37,987	36.60
1917	1.019.388	220,750	798,638	95,451	36,075	37.79
1918	1,057,444	240,650	816,794	91,380	34,670	37.94
1919	1.080,876	261,520	819,355	89,215	35,881	40.22
1920	1,119,910	270,498	849,412	96,881	44,829	46.27
	_,,			,		

(a) Perth, Fremantle, and Claremont combined.

(c) Consumption of Water. The following table shews the total annual supply, the average daily supply, and the average daily supply per house and per head of population during each financial year from 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

METROPOLITAN WATER SUPPLY BRANCH.—CONSUMPTION OF WATER, 1916 TO 1920.

Year.	Average Daily Supply in ,000 Gallons.			Water	Supply for ,000 Gallons		Number of	Esti- mated	Average Daily Supply.		
	From Reser- voirs.	From Bores.	Total.	From Reser- voirs.	From Bores,	Total.	Houses Supplied.	Popula- tion Supplied.	Per House.	Per Head of Popu- lation.	

CENTRAL DISTRICT (INCLUDES PERTH, FREMANTLE, CLAREMONT, GUILDFORD, AND MIDLAND JUNCTION).

1916 1917 1918 1919 1920	2,443 1,929 2,659 2,463 2,467	2,609 3,179 2,444 3,496 3,659	5,052 5,108 5,103 5,959 6,126	894,057 704,251 970,671 899,194 903,072	955,075 1,160,464 892,054 1,276,122 1,339,364	1,849,132 1,864,715 1,862,725 2,175,316 2,242,436	No. 30,782 31,698 32,396 33,196 34,570	No. 129,300 133,130 136,000 152,700 165,900	Gals. 164 161 157 179 174	Gals. 39.1 38.4 37.5 33.9 36.3
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ARMADALE DISTRICT.

1917 29 29 (a) 10	54 10,954 95 (b) 176 11,671		277 (a) 296 (a) 294 294 304 304 350 70.1 66.2 72.8
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(a) Includes water supplies to Railways.

(b) From well.

- (d) Sewerage and Drainage in Perth and Fremantle. The work of providing a sewerage system for Perth and Fremantle is still proceeding. Up to 30th June, 1920, 13,975 houses had been connected with the sewers. The revenue of the Sewerage and Drainage undertaking for 1918-19 was £54,457, as against £53,258 for the preceding year. The maintenance expenditure for the year amounted to £15,455, and interest and sinking fund charges to £48,871.
- (iii) Goldfields Water Supply Undertaking. During the financial year 1919-20, the amount of water drawn for the Helena reservoir was 1,344,000,000 gallons, an increase on the previous year of 8,000,000 gallons. The gross revenue was £176,364, and the working expenses £93,238, leaving a surplus available towards interest and sinking fund of £84,126. The outlay for interest and sinking fund charges in respect of supplementary capital absorbed £33,523, leaving £50,603, payable to the State Treasury. During the financial year the State Treasury paid £168,813 interest and sinking fund on State loans in respect to these works, and the operations of the undertaking shewed a net deficiency of £118,210. Reticulation figures are as follows:—Towns reticulation, 238 miles; supply mains to towns, 80 miles; supply mains to mining centres, 72 miles; agricultural extensions, 480 miles; total mains, including main conduit, 1,221.
- (iv) Water Supplies for Towns. Under the Water Boards Act 1904, the following water undertakings are administered by the Department:—Bridgetown, Brookton, Collie, Cue-Day Dawn, Geraldton, Leonora, Meekatharra, Menzies, Ora Banda, and Pingelly. Water supplies for Albany, Broome, Bunbury, Busselton, Carnarvon, Derby, Katanning, Port Hedland, Roeburne, Sandstone, Wagin, and Wyndham are administered by local boards under the supervision of the Department.
- (v) Mines Water Supplies. At the present time the water stations under the control of the Chief Engineer for Water Supply number about 1,400, and are spread over an area of nearly 500,000 square miles. The principal works carried out by the Water Supply Department are as follows:—(a) Domestic supplies for mining towns and the supply of water for battery and general mining purposes. (b) Opening up the very remote portions of the State by means of tracks, of which there are about 4,000 miles. (c) The sinking of wells and bore-wells, also testing the country by means of boring to locate water, and thus enabling the mineral resources of the State to be systematically prospected. (d) Diamond drilling has also been carried out for the purpose of testing the country for minerals at depths unattainable with the ordinary boring plants. (e) Over 3,000 miles of stock routes have been opened up, and wells have been sunk at easy stages, capable of watering mobs of 400 head of cattle. Tanks, dams, and reservoirs have been made on the goldfields for the conservation of surface water, their total storage capacity being over 200,000,000 gallons, and their cost over £400,000.
- (vi) Water Supplies in Agricultural Areas. Owing to the rapid development in agricultural districts in what a few years ago was practically unexplored country, and the consequent necessity for providing water for settlers, a large number of tanks were excavated, and wells sunk where suitable water had been proved by boring. Of 2,520 shallow bores put down, fresh water was obtained in 429, and stock water in 219, the others being salt or dry. The number of tanks excavated to 30th June, 1920, was 361; in addition, four tanks were enlarged, making a total approximate capacity of 131,956,000 gallons, and the number of wells sunk 299. The capital expenditure for the financial year ending June, 1920, was £9,673.
- (vii) Land Drainage. Under the Land Drainage Act 1900 the drainage undertaking for the Torbay-Grassmere District, Wonnerup, and portion of Harvey and Waroona are

administered by the Department. Undertakings controlled by Boards under the same Act are East Jandakot, Harvey, Njookenbooroo, Stirling, Saidie, Wungong, Benger, and Wagerup.

6. Tasmania.—(i) Hobart Water Supply. The total capital cost to 30th June, 1921, was £368,789, but a considerable amount of reticulation work has been done out of revenue and not charged to capital account. The outstanding loans at 30th June, 1921, amounted to £317,805. At the same date the number of tenements supplied in the city and suburbs was 9,300, the population 43,905, and the length of reticulation mains 97 miles. The revenue and expenditure for the years 1916 to 1921 were as follows:—

HOBART WATERWORKS .- REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, 1916 TO 1921.

Particulars.	1916. 1917.		1918.	1919.	1920.	1921.
Revenue Expenditure	£ 24,801 27,676	£ 21,677 28,794	£ 24,160 26,490	£ 26,832 27,468	£ • 28,287 30,696	£ 29,570 32,175

(ii) Hobart Sewerage System. Up to 30th June, 1921, 74½ miles of sewers had been laid at a cost of about £196,943, and 7,319 tenements had been connected. The revenue for the year was £18,325. The suburb of New Town was amalgamated with the city on the 1st January, 1920, and the survey and plans for sewering this area are now being proceeded with. In connexion with the Queensborough District, now being sewered, 9½ miles of sewers were laid up to 30th June, 1921, at a cost with outfall of £65,602, and 76 tenements were connected.

§ 4. Harbour Trusts.

1. Introduction.—In the chief ports and harbours of the Commonwealth, administrative bodies have been created, in whom is vested the control and management of the port with respect to dredging, wharf and harbour accommodation, pilotage, harbour dues, etc.

Of these Trusts or Boards some are purely departmental, some are nominated by Government, while others are comprised of members appointed by the municipal and other associations connected with the port. In the latter case, the Government is usually represented on the Board by one or more nominated members. The Boards and Trusts mentioned hereunder are the only ones for which information is at present available.

2. Sydney Harbour Trust.—(i) Revenue, Expenditure, and Capital Cost. The subjoined table gives particulars of the revenue and expenditure of the Trust, and also shews the total capital debt for properties, etc., vested in the Commissioners, the

amount of interest payable on the debt, and the balance of revenue after deducting expenditure, interest, and the amount of the Commissioners' salaries:—

SYDNEY HARBOUR TRUST.—REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, CAPITAL DEBT, INTEREST, AND BALANCE, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

	l 	Reve	enue.		: ! }			
Year ended the 30th June,	Wharfage and Harbour Rates.	Tonnage Rates and Berthing Charges.	From Other Sources.	Total.	Expendi- ture.	Total Capital Debt.	In- terest.(b)	Balance.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1901(a)	42,784	3,208	12,324	58,316	11,275	4,692,782	55,554	- 8,513
1916	274,551	17,630	197,540	489,721	171,951(c)	7,948,756	289,256	28,514
1917	252,044	-29,095	230,841	511,980	165,586(c)	8,598,939	330,954	15,440
1918	280,476	26,862	269,121	576,459	170,854(c)	8,796,521	348,023	57,582
1919	323,253	31,347	264,300	618,900	179,899(c)	8,691,972	336,823	102,178
1920	323,306	22,398	312,609	658,313	206,450(c)	8,959,887	353,037	98,826

R(a) For the period from 11th February to the 30th June, 1901. (b) The rate of interest charged each year is the average rate on the total capital debt of the State, which varies. (c) Including expenditure for the renewal, replacement, or reconstruction of wharves or buildings.

NOTE.—The minus sign (-) represents a loss.

(ii) Dredging and Towing. The subjoined statement gives particulars of the dredging and towing done by the dredges and tug-boats owned by the Trust:—

SYDNEY HARBOUR TRUST.—PARTICULARS OF DREDGING AND TOWING, 1901 AND 1916 TO 1920.

			Towing Dredged Material.				
Ye	ar.	Tons Dredged.	Total Expenditure.	Expenditure per Ton.	Miles run Towing.	Total Expenditure in Towing.	Expenditure per Mile Towing.
		Tons.	£	Pence.	Miles.	£	Pence.
1901		317,500	3,696	2.79	29,277	2,849	23.35
1916		2,092,918	28,253	3.24	46,581	11,268	58.05
1917		1,938,130	31,697	3.93	43,847	11,950	65.41
1918		1,319,455	26,780	4.87	36,577	16,367	107.39
1919		1,848,993	26,981	3.50	45,711	19,263	101.14
1920		1,345,287	37,140	6.62	42,292	25,547	127.95

3. The Melbourne Harbour Trust.—(i) Construction and Development. Particulars of the origin and constitution of this Trust will be found in Official Year Book No. 12, pp. 970 et seq. Since the publication of that volume, the port and harbour have been developed by the extension of existing works and the construction of new piers, wharves, &c. The river has been considerably widened throughout almost its whole navigable course, and has now three swinging basins. The depth at low water has been increased

to 27 feet. Further widening and deepening are being carried out, and additional wharves are being erected. Extensive shed accommodation is being provided on the Victoria Dock wharves, and a new central pier has been completed. The river and dock wharves carry sheds. The total length is 18,364 feet, covering an area of 987,580 square feet. The quantity of material raised by the dredging and excavation done in the improvement of the river and bay amounts to 69,000,000 cubic yards. During the ten years ending 31st December, 1920, the average cost of dredging per cubic yard was 2.96 pence and the cost of towing and depositing 4.28 pence, irrespective of depreciation of plant. The Trust has expended £334,774 in reclaiming land within its jurisdiction. The amount of material raised annually is about 2,652,000 cubic yards.

(ii) Financial Operations. The following table gives particulars of the revenue and expenditure of the Trust from 1916 to 1920 inclusive:—

MELBOURNE HARBOUR TRUST.-REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, 1916 TO 1920.

Pa	rticulars.			1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.
			Rı	EVENUE.				
Rates, rents, etc.			••	£ 311,395	£ 312,654	£ 314,777	£ 323,253	£ 380,203
Interest Other receipts	• •	••	••	170 11,109	7,610	123 10,691	193 10,851	24 6 10,253
Total				322,674	320,295	325,591	334,297	390,502

EXPENDITURE.

			,			
		£	£	£	£	£
Management and general expenses		56,265	49,205	45,373	45,570	51,178
Interest		88,372	93,996	95,980	104,245	106,735
Total		144,637	143,201	141,353	149,815	157,913
Less standing charges added to works	• •	21,135	19,632	23,595	23,495	29,150
Total		123,502	123,569	117,758	126,320	128,763
Wharfage and other refunds		1,140	1,378	2,382	1,677	2,529
Charges remitted on troopships						
Consolidated revenue of Victoria		60,000	60,000	62,305	62,460	75,554]
Flotation of loan expenses			1,005	3,012	7.956	300
Redemption of loans expenses		1		2,392	4,499	
Maintenance		53,375	70,112	35,706	77,766	105,147
Total expenditure		238,017	256,064	223,555	280,678	312,293
Surplus on revenue account		84,657	64,231	102,036	53,619	78,209
Less depreciation and renewals account		57.004		70.000		
and sinking fund	• •	51,364	51,747	52,000	52,500	52,500
Net surplus on revenue account	• •	33,293	12,484	50,036	1,119	25,709
		·	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

MELBOURNE HARBOUR TRUST.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, 1916 TO 1920—continued.

Particulars.			1916.	1917.	1918.	1919.	1920.
	. C	APITAL	Expendi	TURE.			
Land and property			£ 1,316	£ 588	£ 1,153	£ 964	£ 3,221
Deepening waterways	••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	82,429	50,871	108,037	68,746	80,720
Wharves construction Approaches construction	••	• •	105,803	62,246 6,201	37,321 11,417	77,305 3,774	50,084 2,364
Other harbour improvements		••	35,946	26,923	7,352	3,068	2,936
Floating plant General plant	• •	• • •	25,190 2,853	3,814 1,728	811 130	1,435 509	834 883
Stock account	••		21,784	4,686		i	
Total			284,281	157,057	166,221	155,801	141,042

- 4. Geelong Harbour Trust.—To the 31st December, 1920, this Trust had borrowed £591,000. The sinking fund at the same date stood at £27,954. The revenue receipts for the year 1920 were £50,020, and the disbursements £60,625.
- 5. Bundaberg Harbour Board.—The Harbour Board consists of eight members, instead of nine as heretofore, representing the district shire councils and the shipowners and exporters, with one Government nomines. The total exports for the year ending 31st December, 1920, amounted to 7,243 tons, as against 17,865 tons for the previous year. The decrease was owing to shipping troubles and prolonged drought. The principal items of export were:—Raw sugars, 235 tons; refined sugars, 2,196 tons; syrups and molasses, 444 tons; rum and spirits, 2,941 tons; copper ores, 120 tons. The revenue for 1920 amounted to £4,838, as against £5,470 for 1919; the expenditure for 1920 was £5,834 as compared with £6,751 for 1919. Dredging resulted in 28,500 tons of silt, etc., being lifted and deposited at sea.
- 6. Cairns Harbour Board.—For the year ended 31st December, 1920, the receipts from harbour and berthage dues and miscellaneous items amounted to £32,332, while the revenue from taxes and fixed rates was £30,257. The total income amounted to £34,826. The principal items of export were:—Raw sugar, timber, maize, fruit, meat, and tallow.
- 7. Rockhampton Harbour Board..—The principal items of export by water in 1920 were—wool, 26,215 bales; preserved and frozen meats, 6,776 tons; tallow, 1,420 tons; blister copper, 6,587 tons; and gold, £405,251 in value. For the year 1920 the receipts were £38,159, including loan advances, £14,835; and the expenditure was £43,554, including £8,991 interest on loans. The total net registered tonnage entering the port in 1920 was 422,105.
- 8. Bunbury (Western Australia) Harbour Board.—The Board was constituted in 1909, and consists of five members appointed by the Government. The jetty (including new extension of 700 feet) is 2,850 feet long, and can accommodate nine or ten vessels. The depth of water alongside ranges from 18 to 29 feet. Electric and steam gantry cranes are available. Water is laid on for shipping, and the jetty is lighted by electricity. The capital expenditure for the year ending 30th June, 1920, was £39,296, making the total capital expenditure to that date £377,688. The revenue for the year was £16,487, and the expenditure £8,013, the balance being paid into Consolidated Revenue to meet interest and sinking fund. The expert tonnage for the year was made up as follows:—Jarrah timber, 87,246 loads of 50 cubic feet; wheat, 38,992 tons; coal (bunker), 16,314 tons; and miscellaneous goods, 747 tons; the total expert value being £865,000. The total import tonnage was 8,235 tons.

- 9. Fremantle Harbour Trust.—For the year ended 30th June, 1920, the total revenue of the Fremantle Harbour Trust was £281,600, and the expenditure £130,740. The gross amount paid to the Treasury for the year was £149,686, being interest £73,872, sinking fund £19,301, renewals fund £2,000, and surplus revenue £54,513.
- 10. Burnie and Table Cape (Tasmania) Marine Board.—A breakwater has been constructed 1,250 feet in length with a depth alongside up to 42 feet at low water, together with three timber wharves, two 500 feet and one 400 feet long. The revenue for the year 1920 was £12,491, and the expenditure £18,015, including £13,473 interest on construction loan.
- 11. Hobart Marine Board.—The total capital debt on properties in connexion with the Harbour Trust vested in the Board is £106,350. The interest paid in 1920 amounted to £4,350, and the contributions to sinking fund, £1,235. The receipts and expenditure of the Board for the last five years were as follows:—

HOBART MARINE BOARD.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE, 1916 TO 1920.

			:	Receipts.		Expenditure.			
	.	ear.	General.	Harbour Improve- ments, Deben- tures, etc.	Total.	General.	Harbour Improve- ments.	Total.	
-			 £	£	£	£	£	£	
1916			 22,800	6,062	28,862	(a)21,803	7,801	29,604	
1917			 17,294	6,627	23,921	(b) 17,247	5,212	22,459	
1918			 20,046	3,775	23,821	(c) 20,887	3,131	24,018	
1919			 21,505	367	21,872	20,303	108	20,411	
1920			 30,584	4,568	35,152	27,392	3,859	31,251	

⁽a) Including £4,000 debentures purchased. (b) Including £938 transferred from General Account to Harbour Improvements. (c) Including £3,775 transferred from General Account to Harbour Improvements.

§ 5. Fire Brigades.

1. New South Wales.—Receipts and Disbursements of Board of Fire Commissioners of New South Wales. The subjoined table shews the actual receipts and disbursements of the Board for the past five years in respect of the Sydney Fire District:—

NEW SOUTH WALES BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS.—RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR SYDNEY FIRE DISTRICT, 1916 TO 1920.

	Receipts.								
Year.	From Govern- ment.	From Municipali- ties.	· From Fire Insurance Companies.	From Firms.	From other Sources.	Total.	Disburse- ments.		
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1916	29,071	29,071	28,883	188	2,205	89.418	98,934		
1917	34,283	34,283	33,562	721	4,103	106,952	103,539		
1918	34,231	34,231	33,858	373	3,950	106,643	107,104		
1919	34,198	34,198	33,819	379	4.339	106,933	115,637		
1920	47,808	47,808	47,218	589	3,815	147,238	143,262		

^{12.} Launceston Marine Board.—The total capital debt on 31st December, 1920, was £263,718, of which £216,480 was incurred on the Tamar Improvement Scheme. The revenue for 1920 was £39,569 and the expenditure £40,865.

The Sydney fire district includes the City of Sydney and suburbs, comprising a total area of 258 square miles. On the 31st December, 1920, the Board had under its control in this district 64 stations, 311 permanent men, 167 partially paid firemen, 10 steam and 51 motor fire engines, 28 horses, 140,690 feet of hose, and 512 telephone fire-alarms. The length of wire used for telephone lines was 1,281 miles.

2. Victoria.—(i) Metropolitan Fire Brigades Board. On the 30th June, 1920, this Board had under its control 41 stations, 250 permanent men, 102 partially-paid firemen, 48 special service firemen, 6 motor drawn steam fire engines, 8 petrol motor fire pumps, 47 other petrol motor appliances, 2 steam fire engines, 100,872 feet of hose, and 343 fire-alarm circuits having 1,058 street fire alarms, 1,038 containing telephones. The following table gives particulars as to the financial operations of the Board during each year from 1915 to 1919-20 inclusive:—

VICTORIA.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OF METROPOLITAN FIRE BRIGADES BOARD, 1915 TO 1919-20.

Particulars.	!	1915.	1916.	1917–18.	1918–19.	1919–20.
		Ordina	ву Весегрі	rs.		
	-	£	£	£	£	£
Contributions ·		77,794	86,771	84,418	85,569	95,225
Receipts for services		6,634	7,595	6,645	7,197	9,651
Interest and sundries		9,957	4,110	1,960	2,766	3,593
Total		94,385	98,476	93,023	95,532	108,469

ORDINARY EXPENDITURE.

······································		 I			
Salaries	52,633	55,612	58,900	60,915	67,060
Interest and sinking fund	11,442	13,397	13,610	14,971	12,970
Other expenditure	25,744	24,566	25,057	20,968	26,963
Total	89,819	93,575	97,567	96,854	106,993

⁽ii) The Country Fire Brigades Board. At the end of the year 1920 there were 111 municipal councils and 76 insurance companies included in the operations of the Act. All the brigades are volunteer brigades, but in the large centres a few permanent station-keepers and watchmen are employed. There were 135 registered brigades and 2,488 registered firemen at the end of the year 1920.

For the year 1920 the receipts of the Country Fire Brigades Board amounted to £18,816 and the expenditure to £18,544.

3. Queensland.—In the year 1919 there were thirty fire brigades organised in various towns in Queensland, and the following table gives particulars of revenue and expenditure for the year 1919:—

Receipts.		Amount.	Amount. Expenditure.		
From Government , Local authorities ,, Insurance companies ,, Other sources Total	 3	£ 12,135 12,162 12,266 1,793 38,356	Salaries and wages Building, repairs, etc. Plant, stores, clothing, etc. Other Total		£ 23,090 4,937 4,938 5,676

At the end of the year 1919 the fire brigades staffs comprised 111 permanent men, 213 partially paid, and 100 volunteers. The Metropolitan Brigade at Brisbane and the South Brisbane brigade protect an area of $9\frac{1}{2}$ square miles; their joint staffs comprise 70 men. They have three steam engines, four motor turbines, nine reels, consisting of four horse, two motor, and three hand reels, and 26,753 feet of hose. There are 2 telephone fire alarms and 199 call points.

- 4. South Australia.—The revenue of the Fire Brigades Board in 1920 amounted to £33,568. Brigades are established in the following municipalities, viz., Adelaide, Kensington and Norwood, Unley, Port Adelaide, Glenelg, Gawler, Kapunda, Moonta, Kadina, Port Pirie, Port Augusta, Wallaroo, Thebarton, Tanunda, and Balaklava. The strength of the brigades consists of 99 permanent firemen and 49 auxiliary firemen. The plant consists of 5 steam fire engines, 1 motor engine, 17 motor hose carriages, 1 floating fire engine, 4 hose reels, and 9 horses. The number of calls received during the year 1920 was 412, of which 16 were to fires of a serious nature. Of the total calls, 240 were in the metropolitan district.
- 5. Western Australia.—The receipts of the Western Australian Fire Brigades Board for the year 1920 amounted to £30,199, and the expenditure to £33,422. The whole of the brigades throughout the State are now controlled by this Board, and number four permanent, seven permanent and partially paid, six permanent and volunteer, one partially paid, and twenty-four purely volunteer brigades; making a total of forty-two. The staff includes a chief officer, deputy chief officer, third officer, motor engineer, electrical engineer, 11 other officers, 70 permanent firemen, 31 partially-paid firemen, and 555 volunteer firemen.
- 6. Tasmania.—The expenditure for the year 1920 for the Hobart Fire Brigade amounted to £4,790. There are also volunteer brigades under the control of local boards in most of the larger centres of population.

§ 6. Local Government Finance.

1. Introduction.—In the preceding parts of this section certain particulars have been given regarding local authorities in each individual State. It is proposed to give here in a comparative form for each State particulars regarding the financial operations of local governing bodies. The particulars given in the tables in the two next paragraphs

relate to financial years ending as follow:—New South Wales: for the calendar year 1919. Victoria: 30th September, 1919, except Melbourne, 31st December, and Geelong, 31st August, 1919. Queensland: calendar year 1919, South Australia: Corporations, 30th November, and district councils, 30th June, 1919. Western Australia: 31st October, 1919, except road districts, 30th June, 1919. Tasmania: calendar year 1919.

2. Number, Revenue, Expenditure, and Valuation of Local Authorities.—The following table gives particulars of the number, revenue, expenditure, and valuation of local authorities in each State and in the Commonwealth during the year indicated above. It should be noted that, excepting in Tasmania, the metropolitan water supply systems are not under municipal control; the particulars given of revenue and expenditure for the five States other than Tasmania do not, therefore, include revenue and expenditure on account of these systems.

NUMBER, REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, AND VALUATION OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES(a) IN EACH STATE, 1919.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	C'wealth.
No. of local authorities(a)	319	190	171	184	141	50	1,055

RECEIPTS.

Rates—	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
General Other (b) Government grants Loans (c) and other	} 2,678,636 } 2,377,964	96,429	322,368 86,833	278,617 104,149 63,835	113,791 31,287	66,713 173,948 33,967	
Total	5,056,800	2,880,125	1,488,949	137,113 		304,258 	11,346,282

EXPENDITURE.

Works, services, etc. Interest on loans and overdrafts Redemptions, sink- ing funds, etc Administration Other	- 4,978,713	1,907,881 257,057 137,688 226,692 388,570	39,005 165,632	15,160 17,341	465,635 85,094 57,554 61,859 92,690		11,434,180
Total	4,978,713	2,917,888	1,578,976	610,280	762,832	585,491	

VALUATIONS.

Capital value perty	of	d207,673,921	357,437,822	63,907,745	99,905,202	f26,172,435	37,121,328	g792,218,453
Annual value property	of 	(e)	19,027,492	(e)	5,066,592	f1,506,691	1,872,336	(e)

⁽a) Including particulars for all areas controlled by local governing bodies responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads and streets, such areas being variously known in the several States as cities, towns, boroughs, shires, municipalities, road districts, etc. (b) Exclusive of rates for water supply and sewerage in metropolitan and most other principal towns, such rates being collected by special boards or general Government. (c) Exclusive of loans in connexion with extraordinary works of construction. (d) Unimproved capital value of all ratable property. *(e) Not available. (f) Excluding District Road Boards. (g) Incomplete.

3. Local Government Loans, 1919.—The following table gives particulars for each State of loans raised by local authorities during the year 1919, of loans current at the end of that year, of liability on account of interest and sinking fund, and of loans maturing during 1919:—

PARTICULARS OF LOANS RAISED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES, 1919.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Q'land.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.	C'wealth.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Loans from general Govern- ment—							
Raised during year Current at end of year Loans from other sources—		19,286 1,502,899			63,023	26,455 596,394	126,761 2,658,071
Raised during year Current at end of year	666,300 9,100,428			16,350 367,762	19,723 1,796,432		985,892 17,189,383
Raised during year Current at end of year	666,300 9,100,428				19,723 1,859,455		1,112,653 19,847,454
Current loans, exclusive of those obtained from general							
Government, raised within the Commonwealth Annual liability on account	(a)	3,538,530	(a)	367,762	(a)	471,918	(a)
interest	(a)	(a)	19,114	16,455	86,843	93,845	(a)
Total sinking fund at end of year	(a)	466,225	(a)	23,729	381,771	197,489	(a)
during year— Redeemed Renewed	(a) .	(a) (a)	::	15,870 700	19,272	34,965 1,825	(a) (a)

⁽a) Not available.